

LLR winter preparedness

March 2022



Winter plan – Oct 2022 to Feb 2023

Implement COVID and Flu vaccs programme

Implement respiratory hubs across LLR

Redesign the GP > acute care pathway

Increase availability of urgent care centre appts

Increase LPT capacity

Maximise discharge opportunities

Implement the Unscheduled care hub

Implement 300 virtual ward beds

Increase UHL capacity

Increase handover space

Implement the 'push' model from ED

Maximise use of Same day emergency care

Increase opening hours of MIAMI

Implement actions from the 100 day discharge challenge

Implement fuel poverty plan

Increase 111/999 call handlers

Increase mental health support

Agree risk management strategy for system

Winter Plan v2 – Jan to March 2023

Standardise online, digital & f2f primary care offer Implement step up pathway for key LTC i.e. respiratory

Maximise streaming from EMAS stack safely

Maximise streaming opportunities from ED front door safely

Standardise multidisciplinary management of the ED bed stack

Implement plans for Integrated Discharge function

Maximise capacity in all providers

Implement plans to equalise risk across the system safely

Integrated crisis response services

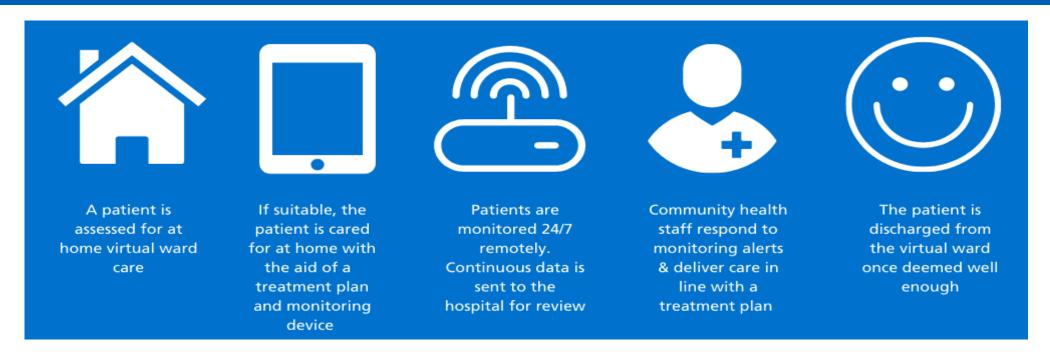


The home visiting service and ambulance service referring into UCR is comprised of:

- The UCR social care and therapy teams who use video calls to support quick assessment and additional work with the ICRS team at the person's home. This results in ED avoidance with ongoing recovery for the person delivered at home.
- The **UCR falls response team** takes referrals from EMAS. They respond in less than two hours to support people off the floor, take observations, and assess the home environments. This helps support people remaining at home with monitoring and gaining access to falls prevention therapy.

- The Urgent community response service for Leicester City has a 100% response rate within 2 hours, with the vast majority of people kept safely in their place of residence, using a holistic checklist of care
- Patients can access these services through any health and care professional
- This model has been used to develop the UCR model for LLR and forms the basis of the national specification

Virtual wards



- About 100 patients per week being supported in their place of residence through a 'virtual ward'
- Very positive patient feedback, with pathways live for cardiac and respiratory illness
- Further development of pathways to support frailty and intermediate care
- Opportunity to work with LA monitoring services such as pendant alarm services etc

LLR unscheduled care hub



- A full partnership approach between all agencies across LLR to get our patients to the right care in the right place at the right time
- Team covers physical and mental health, care and therapy etc
- The team will assess calls on the ambulance queuing system and re-route patients so that they can access the right service at the right time
- About 30-40 patients per day are assessed by the team and supported in their place of residence, rather than by ambulance services or the Emergency Department
- Being rolled out across the country

Supporting discharge from UHL

- Short term government funding released in Dec 2022 to support discharge
- Partnership approach between City council and health to assess how best to get our patients the right care at the right time, based on local insights and knowledge
- Gap identified in recruitment and retention around domiciliary care
- Launch of 'Inspire to care' programme across the City, with a focus on recruiting new staff into care careers, retaining current staff and ensuring that new colleagues have a known career pathway across health and care

Supporting discharge from LPT

- Recent evidence that hoarding and other housing related factors impacting on ability to discharge patients from mental health wards
- Opportunity to expand the Housing Enablement Team (HET) to cover MH Services Older People inpatients wards
- Up to 25 patients supported with early discharge housing cases can have complex circumstances and result in long delays in discharges, impacting further on physical and mental health
- Resulting in a reduced Housing related DTOC level and a reduced average length of stay on these wards

Conclusions

- It is extraordinarily difficult in every area of health and care at the moment mix of demand, COVID/Flu, staff absence, capacity plus impact of industrial action
- The system has managed the ambulance service industrial action / critical incident called at Leicester Hospitals as a partnership but recognise that the surges in activity are causing a poorer patient experience across the pathway, with long waits across the pathway. Staff are also under increasing pressure
- We have continually strengthened the winter plan and we will apply learning from what we know has worked through difficult periods through the year
- However, what is clear is that our partnerships across health and care have held firm and these case studies demonstrate the art of the possible when we continually work together